

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

- Datasheet Number: SP142 Version 2.0.0
- Product Name: Bromine tablets
- Chemical Name: Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylimidazolidine-2,4-dione)
- Synonyms: BCDMH/Bromochlorodimethylhydantoin
- CAS Number: 32718-18-6
- EC No.: 251-171-5

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

- Use of the substance/mixture: Pool / spa treatment; Biocide
- Use advised against: No information available
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
  - Name of Supplier: Total Pool Chemicals Ltd
  - Address of Supplier: Unit 1-5, Pool Bank Business Park High Street, Tarvin Chester UK CH3 8JH
     Telephone: +44 (0)1829 740290
     Email: sales@totalpool.co.uk
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number
  - +44 (0)1829 740290 (Office Hours)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
  - Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) [CLP/GHS]: Ox. Sol. 2, H272; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; EUH031; EUH206
  - Additional information: For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements: see section 16
- 2.2 Label elements



- Signal Word: Danger
- Hazard statements
  - H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.
  - H302 Harmful if swallowed.
  - H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
  - H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  - H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- Precautionary statements
  - P102 Keep out of reach of children.
  - P273 Avoid release to the environment.
  - P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
  - P303+P361+P353+P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.



### SECTION 2: Hazards identification (....)

Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P305+P351+P338+P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an authorised waste collection point

- Supplemental Hazard information (EU)

EUH031 - Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

EUH206: Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlorine).

- 2.3 Other hazards
  - Not a PBT according to REACH Annex XIII
  - Not a vPvB according to REACH Annex XIII

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Chemical Name	Conc.	CAS No.	EC No.	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) [CLP/GHS]	REACH Registration Number	SCL/ M-Factor/ ATE	WEL/ OEL
Bromochloro-5,5- dimethylimidazolidine- 2,4-dione	98 %	32718-18-6	251-171-5	Ox. Sol. 2, H272 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 EUH031 EUH206	-	-	No

3.2 Mixtures

- Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

Rescuers should put on approved personal protective equipment (PPE) before administering first aid

Rescuers should take suitable precautions to avoid becoming casualties themselves

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Contact with eyes

If substance has got into eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water for several minutes Irrigate eyes thoroughly whilst lifting eyelids

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

- Contact with skin

After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of soap and water Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse

- Get immediate medical advice/attention.
- Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (do not swallow) Give plenty of water to drink Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention.



### SECTION 4: First aid measures (....)

- Inhalation

If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
  - Contact with eyes

May cause severe damage with formation of corneal ulcers and permanent impairment of vision. Causes redness and swelling May cause blurred vision

- Contact with skin

May cause severe burns with permanent skin damage which are slow to heal. Possible blistering of the skin of affected areas May cause an allergic skin reaction.

- Ingestion

May cause burns to mouth and throat The ingestion of significant quantities may cause damage to mucous membranes Causes damage and corrosion of the gastrointestinal tract. May cause nausea/vomiting May cause stomach pain

- Inhalation

May cause respiratory tract irritation.

May cause breathing difficulty

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treat symptomatically

## **SECTION 5:** Firefighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
  - Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray; alcohol resistant foam; sand/earth; carbon dioxide
  - Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jets; Dry agent extinguishers are unsuitable and should not be used
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
  - May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed
  - Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.
  - Decomposition products may include hydrogen bromide, hydrogen chloride, bromine, chlorine, nitrogen trichloride
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
  - Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk
  - Keep container(s) exposed to fire cool, by spraying with water
  - Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This MUST not be discharged into drains. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface or ground water.
  - Special protective equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear full protective clothing including chemical protection suit.

## **SECTION 6:** Accidental release measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
  - Rescuers should take suitable precautions to avoid becoming casualties themselves
  - Only trained and authorised personnel should carry out emergency response



### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures (....)

- Personal precautions for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe dust; Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.; Wear protective clothing as per section 8; Do not touch or walk through spilt material; Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Personal precautions for emergency responders: Shut off all ignition sources; Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA); Wear suitable protective clothing, eye/face protection and gloves; Natural rubber are recommended
- 6.2 Environmental precautions
  - Avoid release to the environment.
  - Do not allow to enter public sewers and watercourses
  - If contamination of drainage systems or water courses is unavoidable, immediately inform appropriate authorities
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
  - Stop leak if safe to do so.
  - Avoid formation of dust
  - Small spills
    - Wipe up spillage with damp absorbent cloth or towel
  - Large spills

Use non-sparking tools Collect as much as possible in clean container for reuse or disposal Sweep or shovel-up spillage and remove to a safe place Place in sealable container Seal containers and label them Remove contaminated material to safe location for subsequent disposal To be disposed of as hazardous waste Seek expert advice for removal and disposal of all contaminated materials and wastes Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete

6.4 Reference to other sections

- See section(s): 7, 8 & 13

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling
  - Take precautionary measures against static discharges
  - Use non-sparking tools.
  - Keep away from heat and sources of ignition
  - Use only in well ventilated areas
  - Avoid raising dust
  - Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where airborne dust is generated
  - Avoid contact with skin and eyes
  - Wear protective clothing as per section 8
  - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
  - Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse
  - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
  - Use good personal hygiene practices
  - Wash thoroughly after handling.
  - Ensure eyewash stations and safety showers are nearby
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
  - Keep in a cool, dry, well ventilated place
  - Protect from moisture
  - Store at 5 25 °C



## SECTION 7: Handling and storage (....)

- Keep product, packaging clean and free from all contamination, including acids, organic materials, nitrogen containing compounds, dry powder fire extinguishers (containing mono-ammonium phosphate), oxidisers, all corrosive liquids, flammable or combustible materials.
- Protect from sunlight.
- Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Incompatible with oxidizing substances

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Pool / spa treatment

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- 8.1 Control parameters
  - If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
    Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace exposure Measurement of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents Strategy for testing compliance with occupational exposure limit values). European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents). European Standard EN 482 (Workplace exposure. General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
  - The UK HSE (EH40) recommends the following limits for dusts: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (8hr TWA) total inhalable dust; 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (8hr TWA) total respirable dust

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

- Selection and use of personal protective equipment should be based on a risk assessment of exposure potential
- Engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation Engineering controls should be provided to prevent the need for ventilation Use local exhaust ventilation and/or enclosures.

- Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment Where a reusable half mask respirator is required, use EN 140 mask and EN 143 particle filter, or

EN 1827

Where a full face mask respirator is required, use EN 136, with particle filter EN 143

- Eye/face protection

Wear goggles giving complete eye protection approved to standard EN 166.

- Skin protection

Wear protective gloves. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374.

The selection of a suitable glove depends on work conditions and whether the product is present on its own or in combination with other substances. Breakthrough time is dependent on the characteristics of the brand of glove used and the supplier should be consulted.

Glove material: Nitrile rubber

Thickness:  $\geq 0.6$  mm Breakthrough time:  $\geq 8$  hours Reference: Supplier

Wear suitable protective clothing

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse

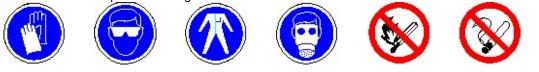
- Hygiene measures



### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection (....)

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use good personal hygiene practices Wash thoroughly after handling. Ensure eyewash stations and safety showers are nearby

Environmental exposure controls
 Do not empty into drains
 Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.



# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Appearance: Solid; pale yellow
- Odour: Odourless
- Odour threshold: No information available
- pH: 3.5 at 1 % concentration
- Melting point/freezing point: 158 162 °C
- Initial boiling point and boiling range: No information available
- Flashpoint: Not applicable
- Evaporation Rate: No information available
- Flammability (solid,gas): Not flammable
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Not applicable
- Vapour Pressure: No information available
- Vapour Density: No information available
- Relative Density: 1.8 2.0
- Solubility(ies): No information available
- Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/Water): Not applicable
- Autoignition Temperature: No information available
- Decomposition temperature: No information available
- Viscosity: No information available
- Explosive Properties: Not applicable
- Oxidising properties: Oxidising
- 9.2 Other information
  - No information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity
  - Reacts with acids to produce free chlorine.
- 10.2 Chemical stability
  - No decomposition if stored normally.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
  - Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.
  - May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid



### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity (....)

- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition
- Avoid contact with moisture

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

- Incompatible with acids and alkalis
- Incompatible with oxidizing substances
- Incompatible with combustible material
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
  - Decomposition products may include hydrogen bromide, hydrogen chloride, bromine, chlorine, nitrogen trichloride

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
  - Acute Toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

#### Substances

Chemical Name	LD <sub>50</sub>	LC₅₀	LD₅₀
	(oral, rat)	(inhalation, rat)	(dermal, rabbit)
Bromochloro-5,5- dimethylimidazolidine -2,4-dione	578 mg/kg	No data available	No data available

- Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.
- Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Germ cell mutagenicity No information available
- Carcinogenicity No information available
- Reproductive toxicity No evidence of reproductive effects
- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- Contact with eyes
  May cause severe damage with formation of corneal ulcers and permanent impairment of vision.
  May cause redness and swelling
  May cause blurred vision
- Contact with skin
  May cause severe burns with permanent skin damage which are slow to heal.
  May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  Possible blistering of the skin of affected areas



# SECTION 11: Toxicological information (....)

- Ingestion

   May cause burns to mouth and throat
   The ingestion of significant quantities may cause damage to mucous membranes
   Causes damage and corrosion of the gastrointestinal tract.
   May cause stomach pain
   May cause nausea/vomiting

  Inhalation
  - May cause respiratory tract irritation. May cause breathing difficulty May cause shortness of breath

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

- Very toxic to aquatic life.
- Bromochloro-5,5-dimethylimidazolidine-2,4-dione
  EC₅₀ (Onchorhynus mykiss) 0.65 mg/L (96 hr)
  LC₅₀ (Daphnia Magna) 0.87 mg/L (48 hr)
- 12.2 Persistence and degradability
  - Degrades by hydrolysis
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
  - Bioaccumulation is not expected
- 12.4 Mobility in soil
  - No information available
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
  - Not a PBT according to REACH Annex XIII
  - Not a vPvB according to REACH Annex XIII
- 12.6 Other adverse effects
  - Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralized. Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- 13.1 Waste treatment methods
  - Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation
  - Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose to an authorised waste collection point
  - This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste
  - Do not reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning
- 13.2 Classification
  - The waste must be identified according to the List of Wastes (2000/532/EC)
  - Hazardous Property Code(s): HP 2 Oxidising; HP 6 Acute Toxicity; HP 8 Corrosive; HP 13 Sensitising; HP 14 Ecotoxic

## **SECTION 14:** Transport information



# SECTION 14: Transport information (....)



14.1 UN number or ID number

- UN No.: 3085

- 14.2 UN proper shipping name
  - Proper Shipping Name: OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.(Bromochloro-5,5dimethylimidazolidine-2,4-dione)
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
  - Hazard Class: 5.1 (8)
- 14.4 Packing group
  - Packing Group: II
- 14.5 Environmental hazards
  - Marine pollutant
- 14.6 Special precautions for user
  - No information available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

3085

- Not applicable
- 14.8 Road/Rail (ADR/RID)
  - Proper Shipping Name: OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.(Bromochloro-5,5-
  - dimethylimidazolidine-2,4-dione)
  - ADR UN No.: 3085
  - ADR Hazard Class: 5.1 (8)
  - ADR Packing Group: II - Tunnel Code: E
  - Tunnel Code:
- 14.9 Sea (IMDG)
  - Proper Shipping Name: OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.(Bromochloro-5,5dimethylimidazolidine-2,4-dione)
  - IMDG UN No.:
  - IMDG Hazard Class: 5.1 (8)
  - IMDG Pack Group.: II
- 14.10 Air (ICAO/IATA)
  - Proper Shipping Name: OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.(Bromochloro-5,5dimethylimidazolidine-2,4-dione)
  - ICAO UN No.: 3085
  - ICAO Hazard Class: 5.1 (8)
  - ICAO Packing Group: II

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- This safety data sheet is provided in compliance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended by Regulation (EU) 2015/830



# SECTION 15: Regulatory information (....)

- Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 on the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP Regulation) applies in Europe
- This substance is listed in Annex III of REACH as # Suspected carcinogen: ISS Carcinogenicity model in VEGA (Q)SAR platform predicts that the chemical is Carcinogen (moderate reliability) # Suspected hazardous to the aquatic environment: The Danish QSAR database contains information indicating that the substance has a 96h EC<sub>50</sub> to green algae of <1 mg/L # Suspected mutagen: SARPY Mutagenicity model in VEGA (Q)SAR platform predicts that the chemical is Mutagen (moderate reliability) # Suspected persistent in the environment: The Danish QSAR database contains information indicating that the substance is predicted as non readily biodegradable # Suspected respiratory sensitiser: The Toolbox profiler Respiratory sensitisation gives an alert for respiratory sensitisation
- This product is covered by the EU Biocides Regulation 528/2012 (EU BPR)
- This product is covered by EU Directive 2012/18/EU (the Seveso III Directive)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

- A REACH chemical safety assessment has been carried out

# **SECTION 16:** Other information

The statements made herein are based on our best present experience and are intended to describe product safety requirements. They should not therefore be considered as a warranty of specific properties.

Sources of data: Information from published literature and supplier safety data sheets

Revision No. 2.0.0. Revised November 2020. Changes made: Revisions to all sections to conform to Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

Text not given with phrase codes where they are used elsewhere in this safety data sheet:

- H272: May intensify fire; oxidizer
- H302: Harmful if swallowed
- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage
- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life
- EUH031: Contact with acids liberates toxic gas
- EUH206: Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlorine).

#### Acronyms

- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- EC: European Community
- EC<sub>50</sub>: Effective Concentration, 50%
- GHS: Globally Harmonised System
- LC<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Concentration, 50%
- LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Dose, 50%
- NOAEC: No observed adverse effect concentration
- NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit
- PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration
- REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
- SCL: Specific Concentration Limit
- vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
- WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit
  - --- end of safety datasheet ---